

Figure 100A

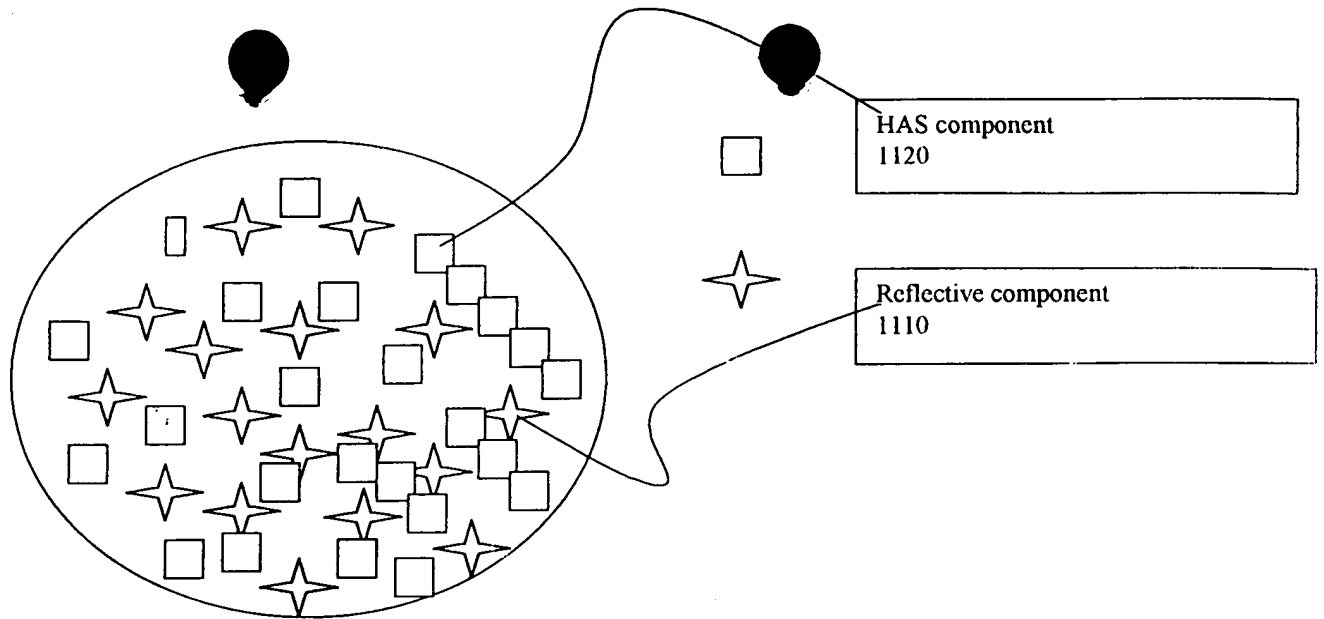


Figure 101A

Figure 103 A

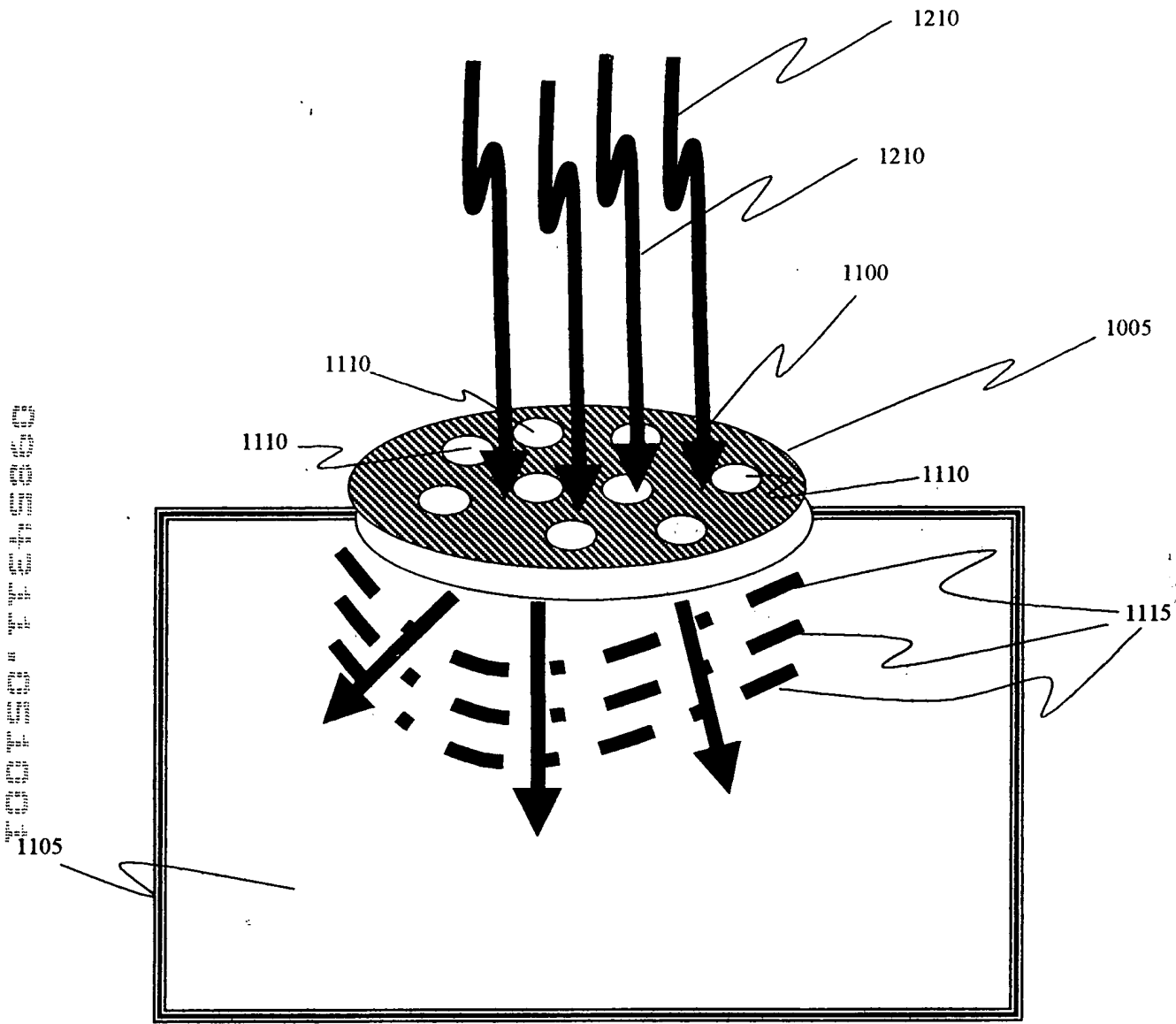


Figure 104A

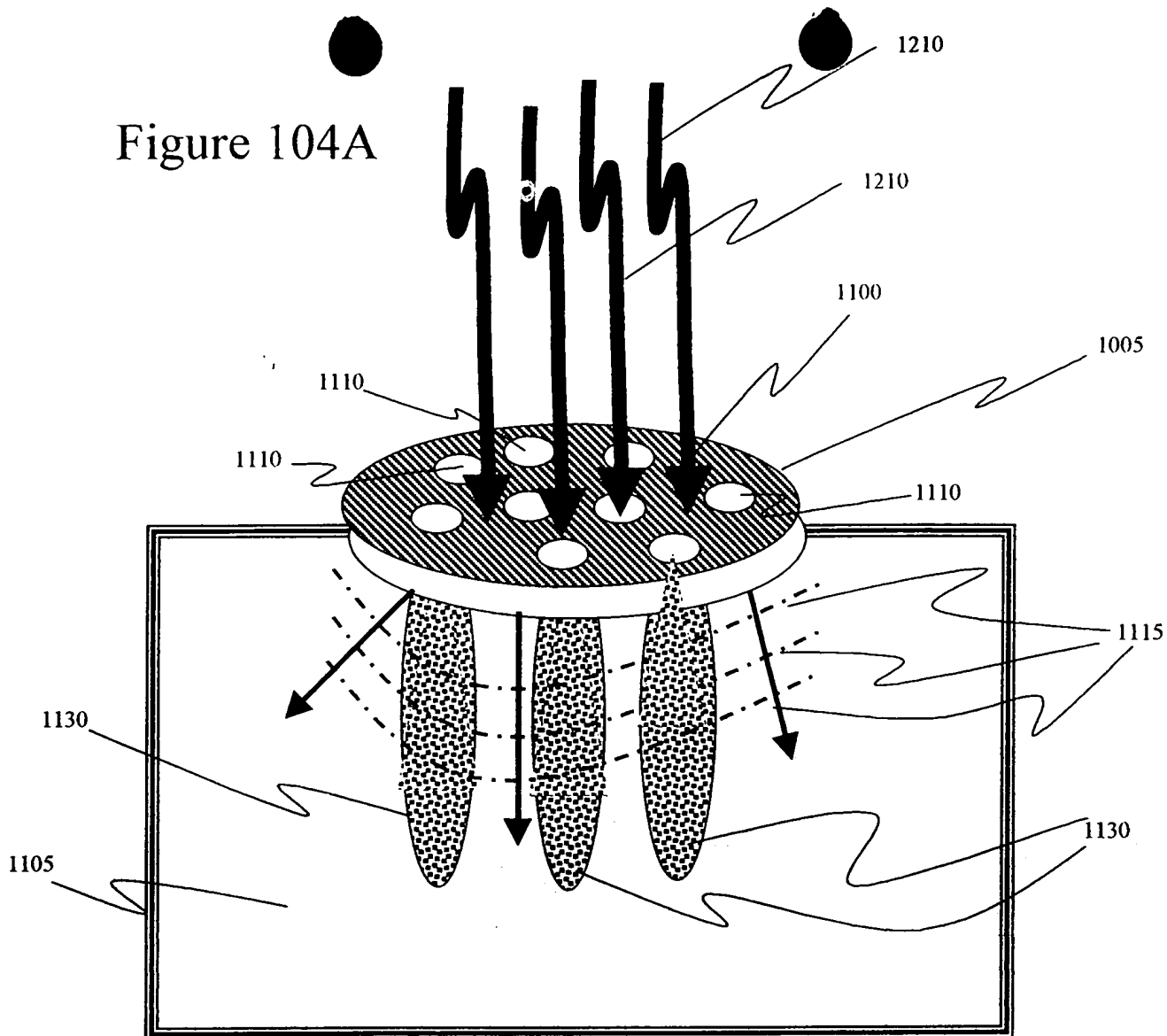
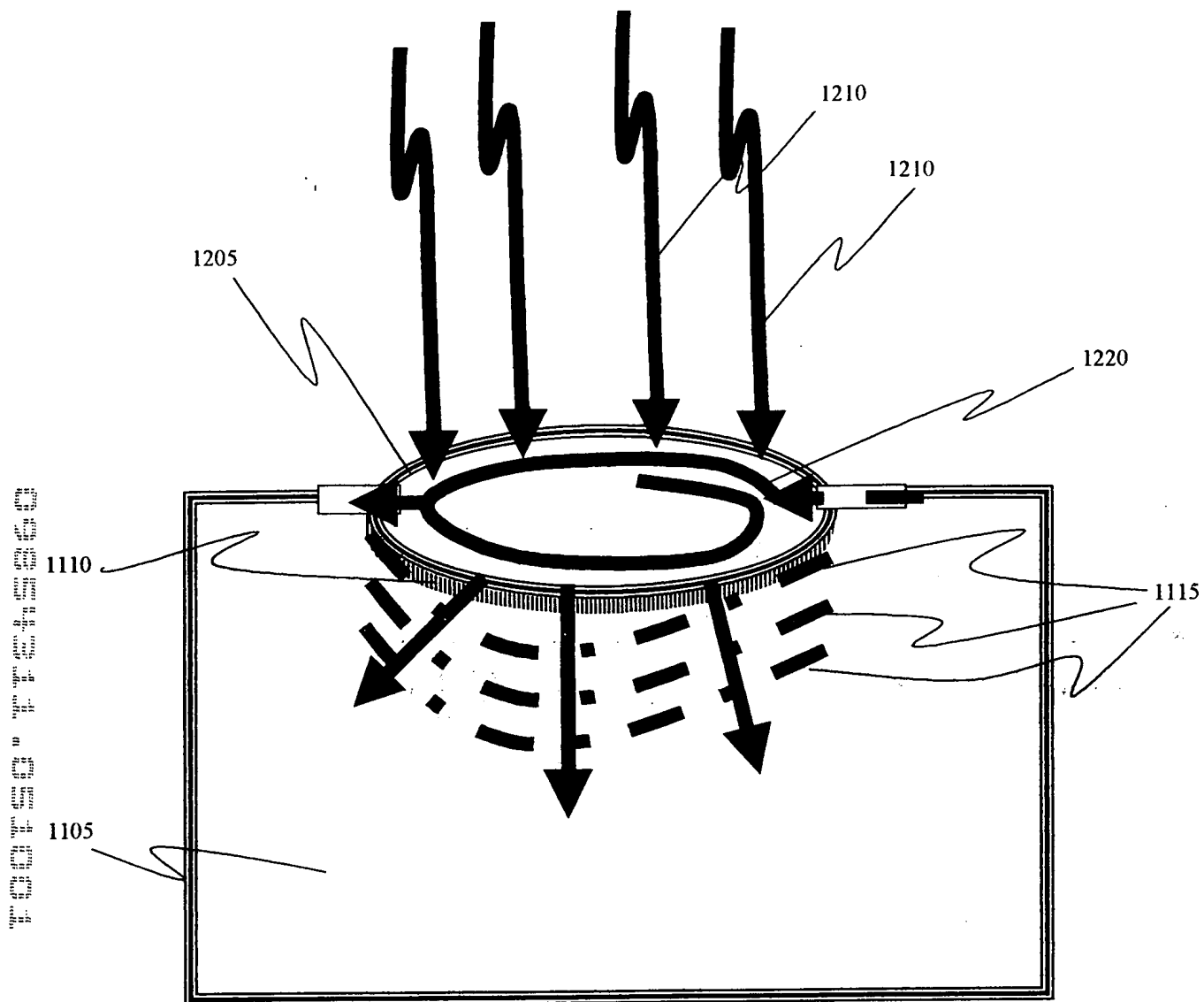


Figure 105A



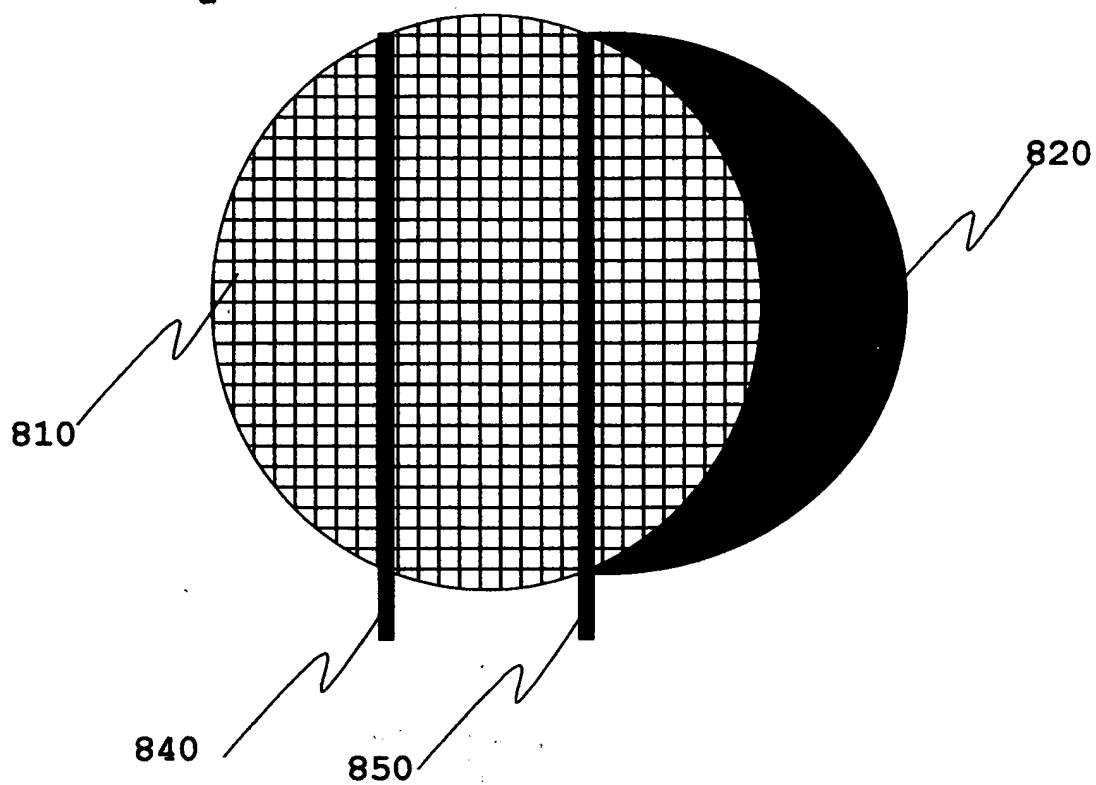


Figure 8

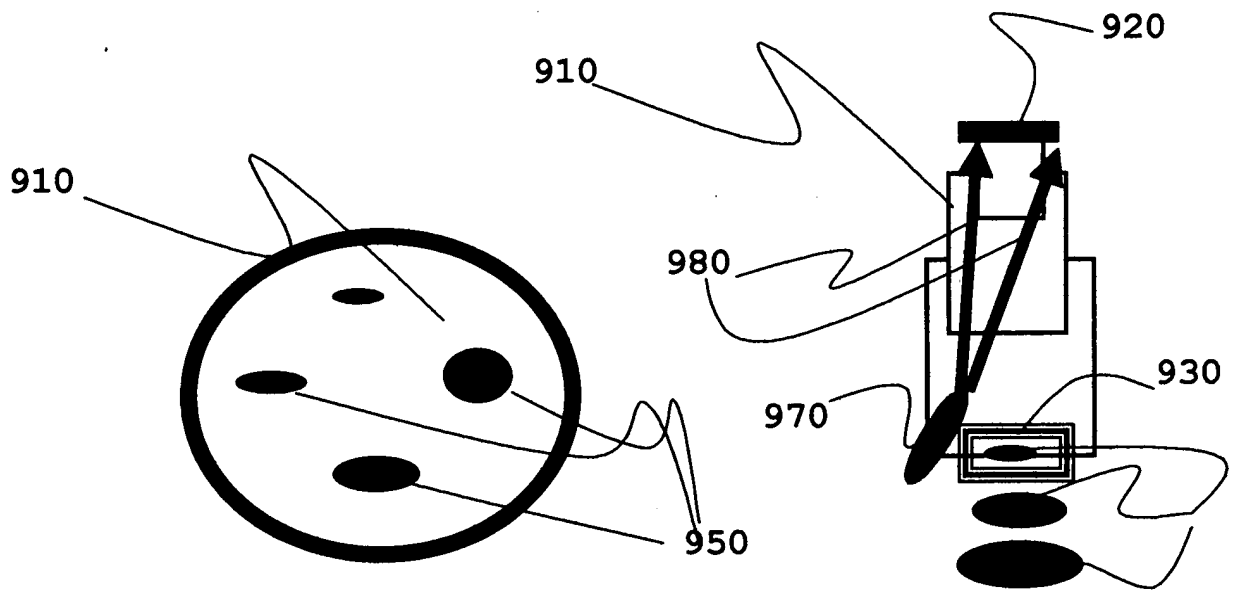


Figure 9

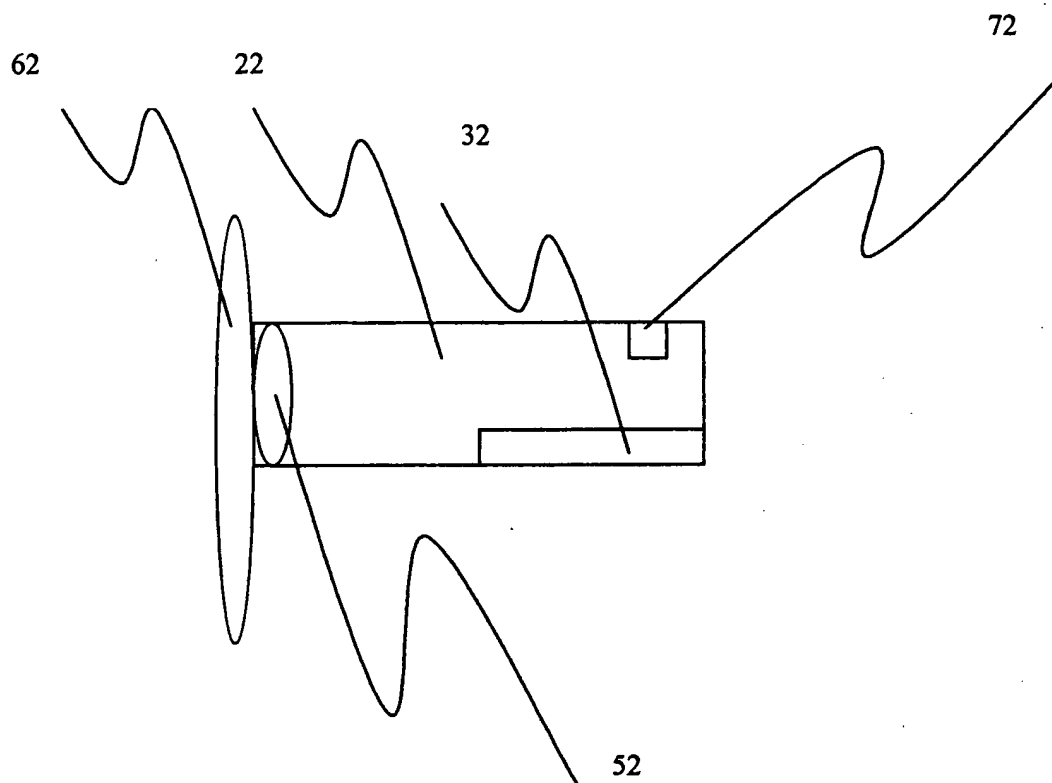


Figure 1.1

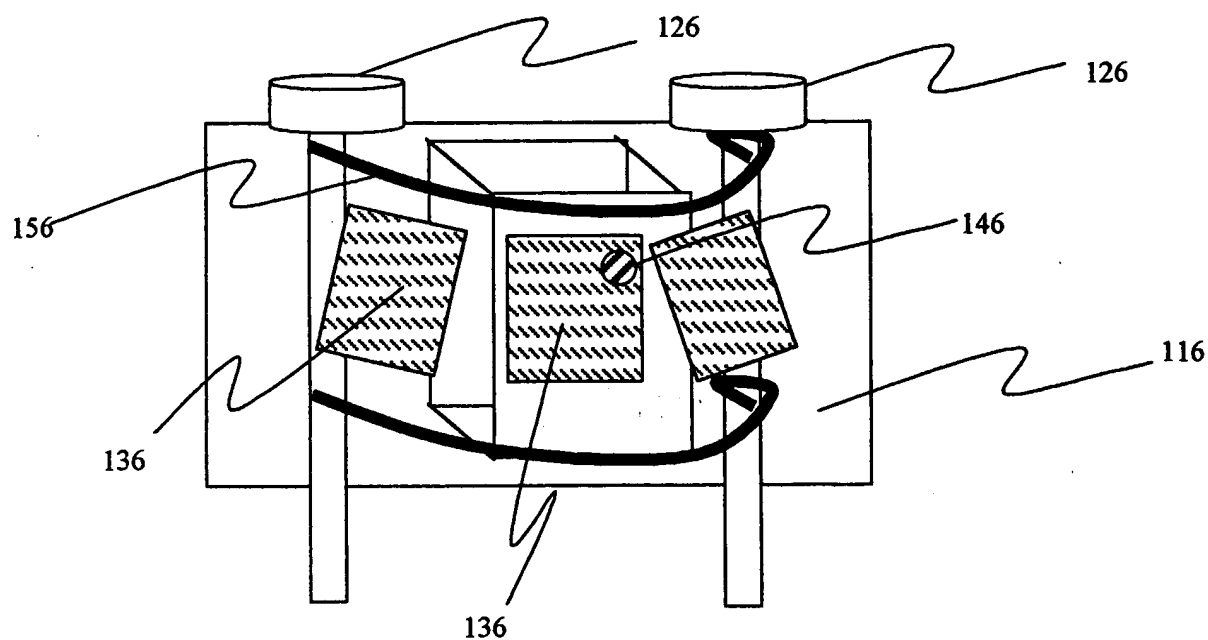


Figure 1.2

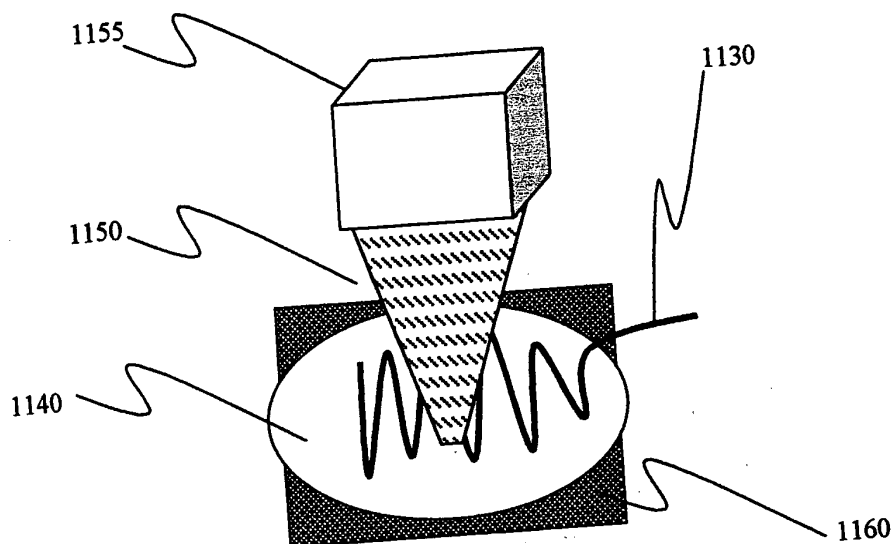


Figure 1.3

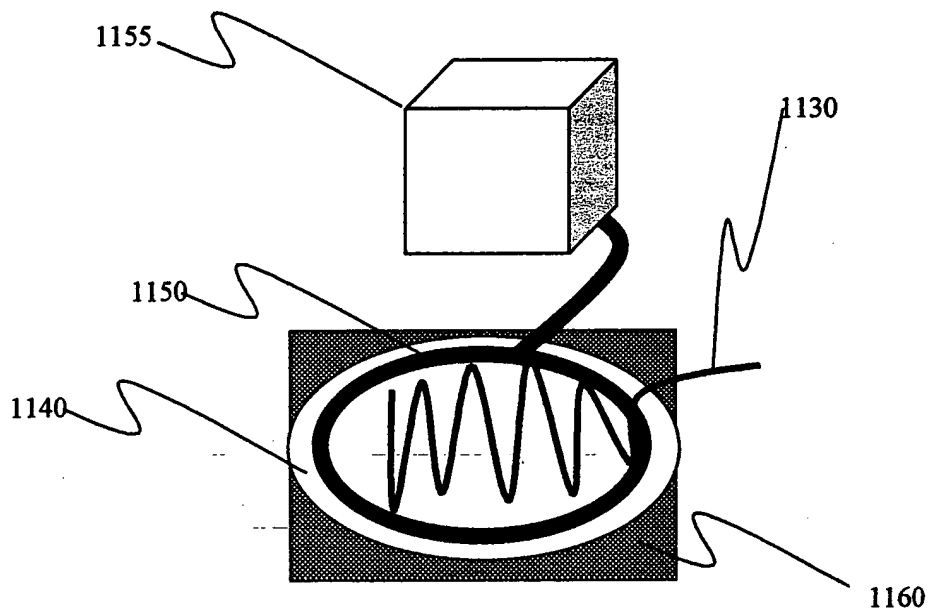


Figure 1.4

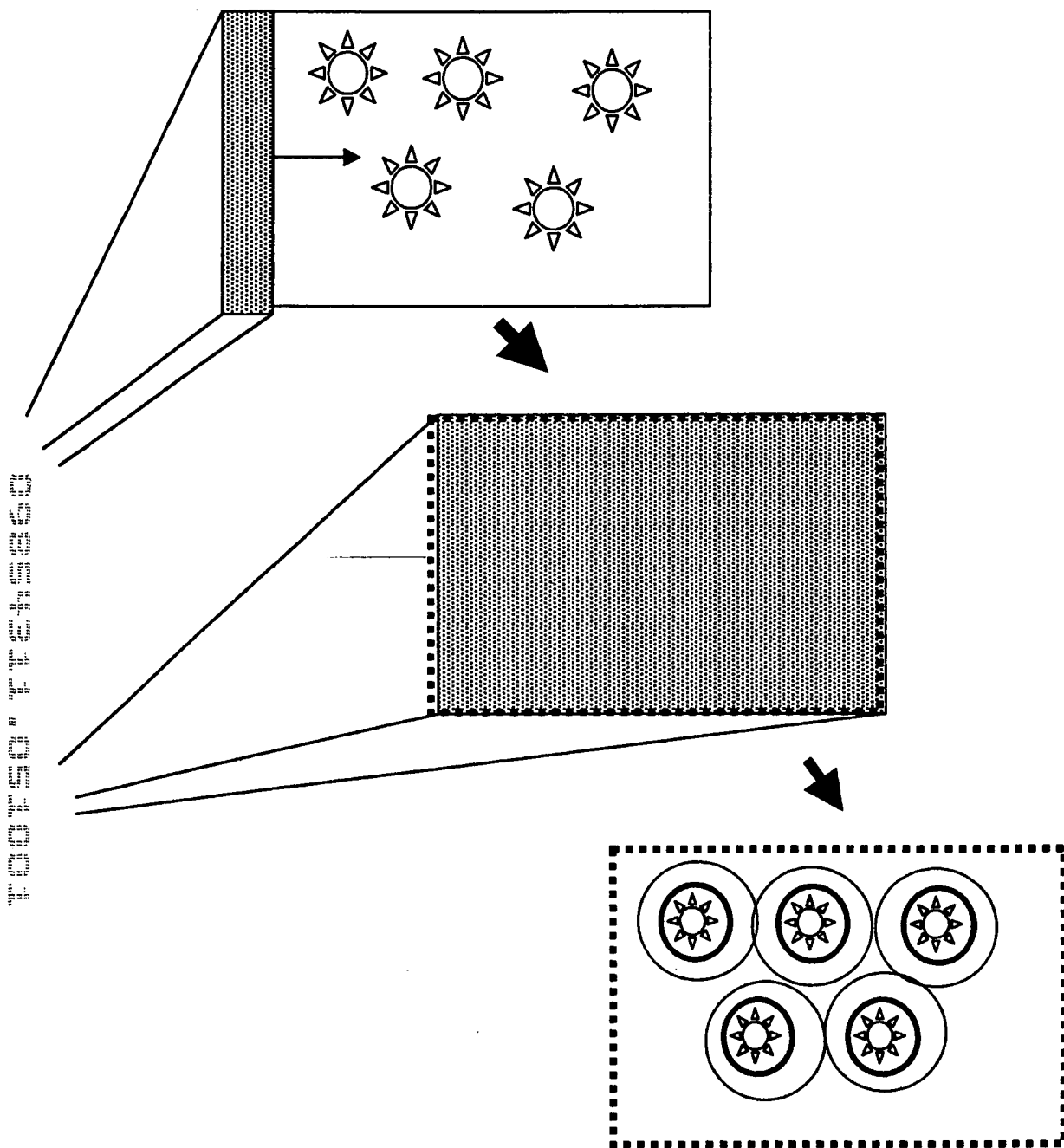


Figure 1.5

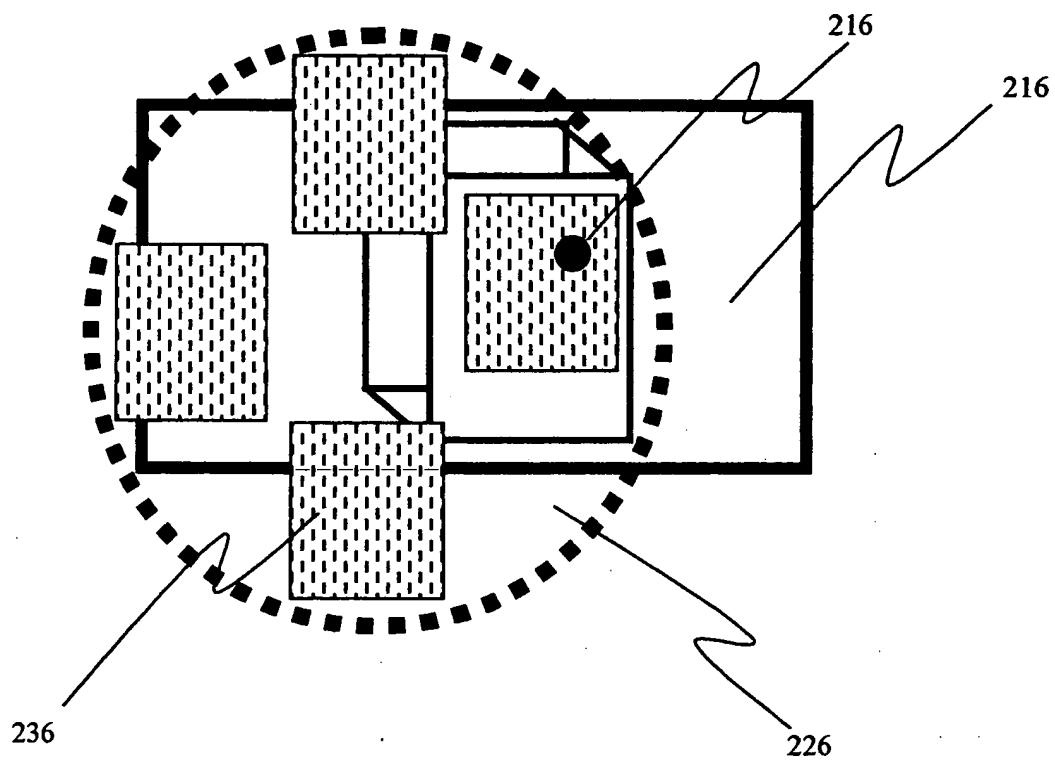


Figure 1.6

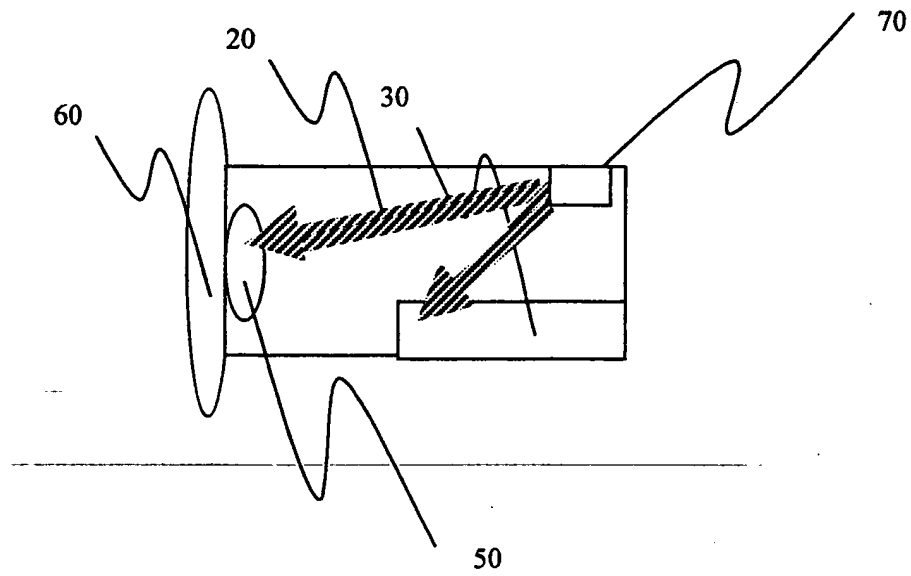


Figure 1.7

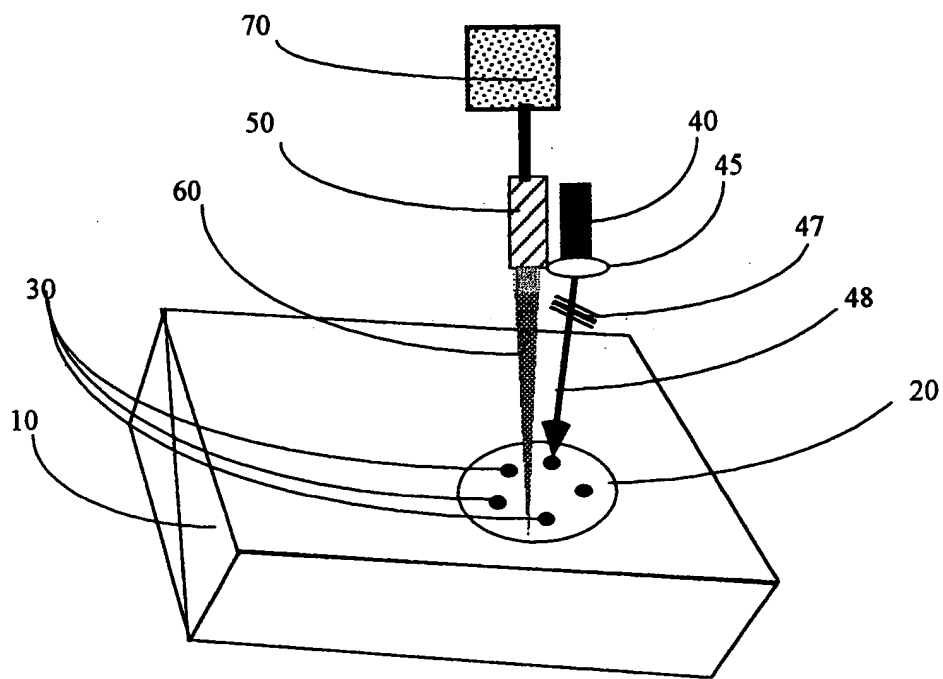


FIGURE 1A

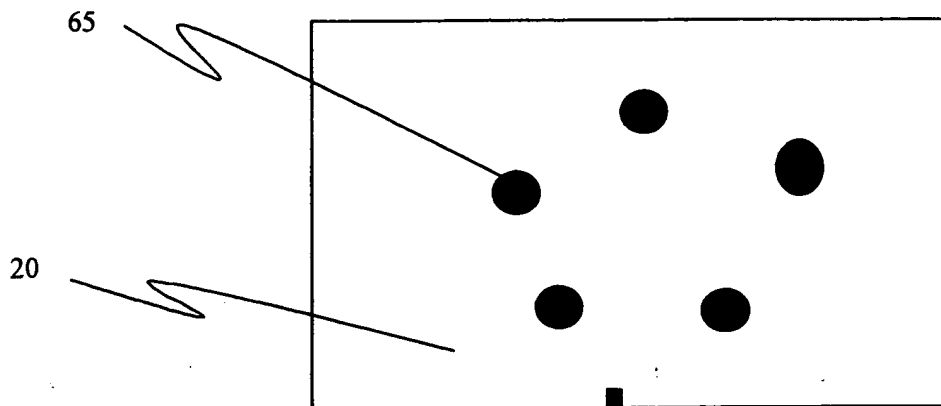


Figure 1B

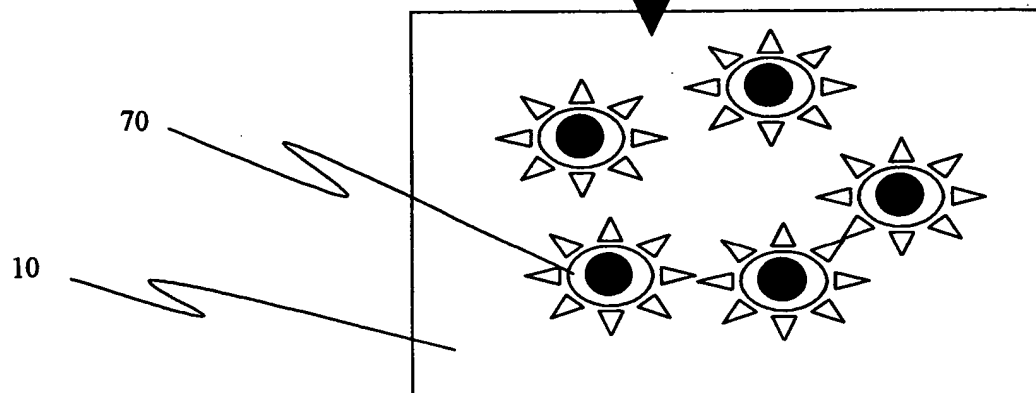


Figure 1C

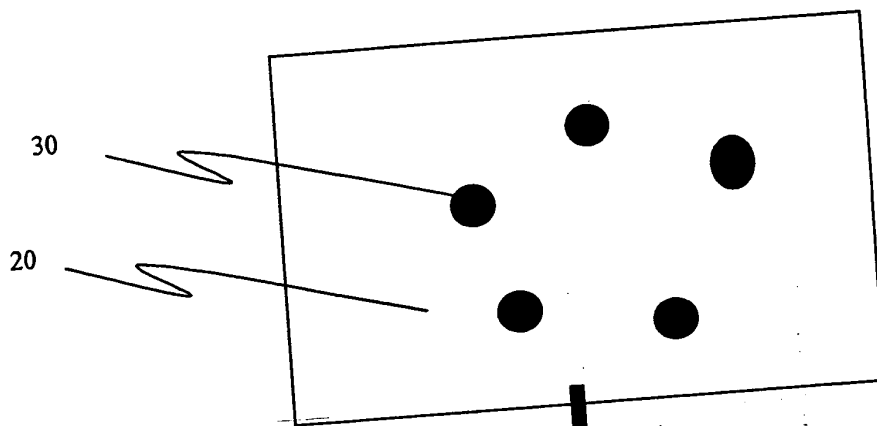


Figure 1D

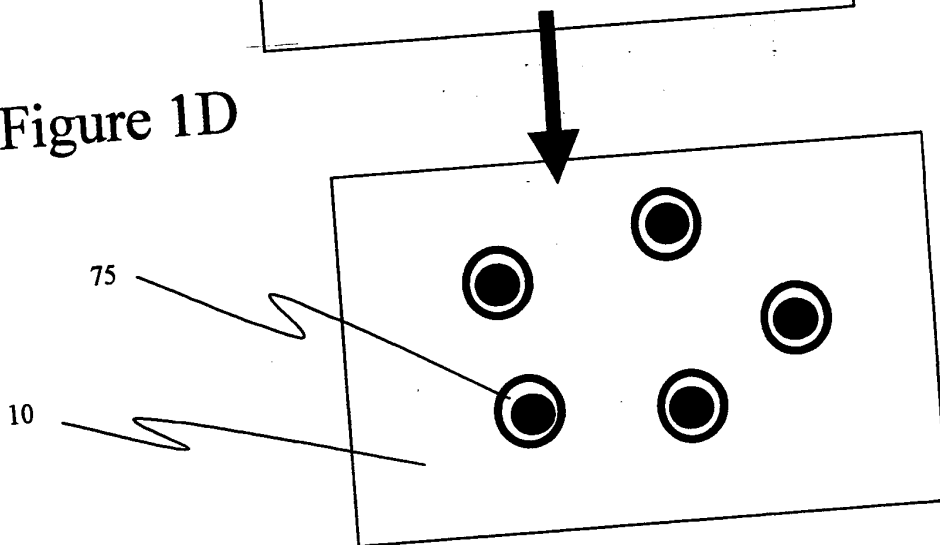


Figure 1E

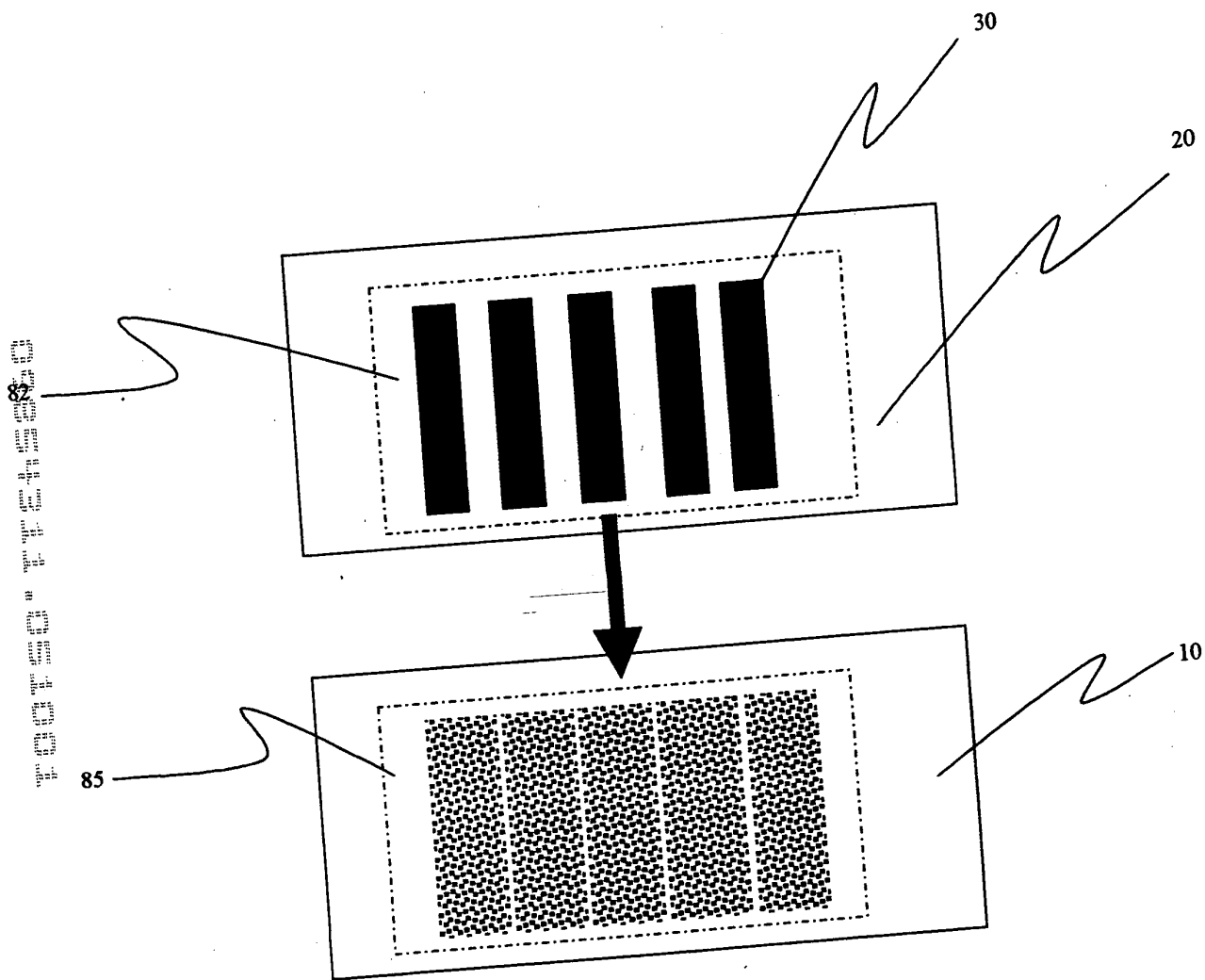


Figure 1F

FIG. 2A is a cross-sectional view of a device 10 in a first state. The device 10 includes a housing 300 and a piston 310. The piston 310 is positioned within a chamber 320. A spring 330 is located at the bottom of the chamber 320. A plunger 350 is positioned at the top of the piston 310. A seal 335 is located between the piston 310 and the housing 300. A fluid 370 is located within the chamber 320. A control unit 340 is connected to the device 10. The device 10 is shown in a first state where the piston 310 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The fluid 370 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The plunger 350 is at the top of the piston 310. The seal 335 is at the bottom of the piston 310. The spring 330 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The control unit 340 is connected to the device 10. The device 10 is shown in a first state where the piston 310 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The fluid 370 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The plunger 350 is at the top of the piston 310. The seal 335 is at the bottom of the piston 310. The spring 330 is at the bottom of the chamber 320. The control unit 340 is connected to the device 10.

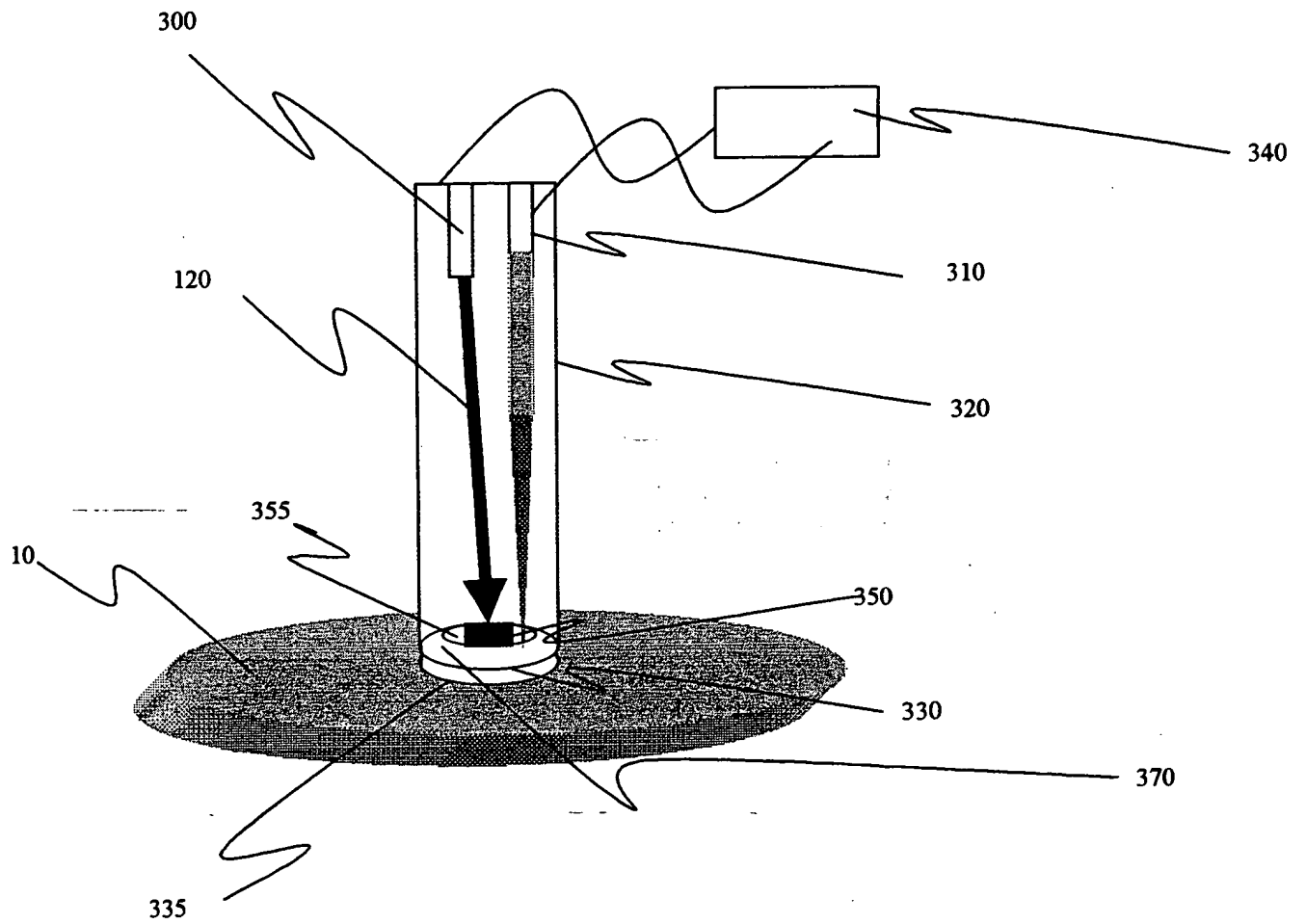


Figure 2A

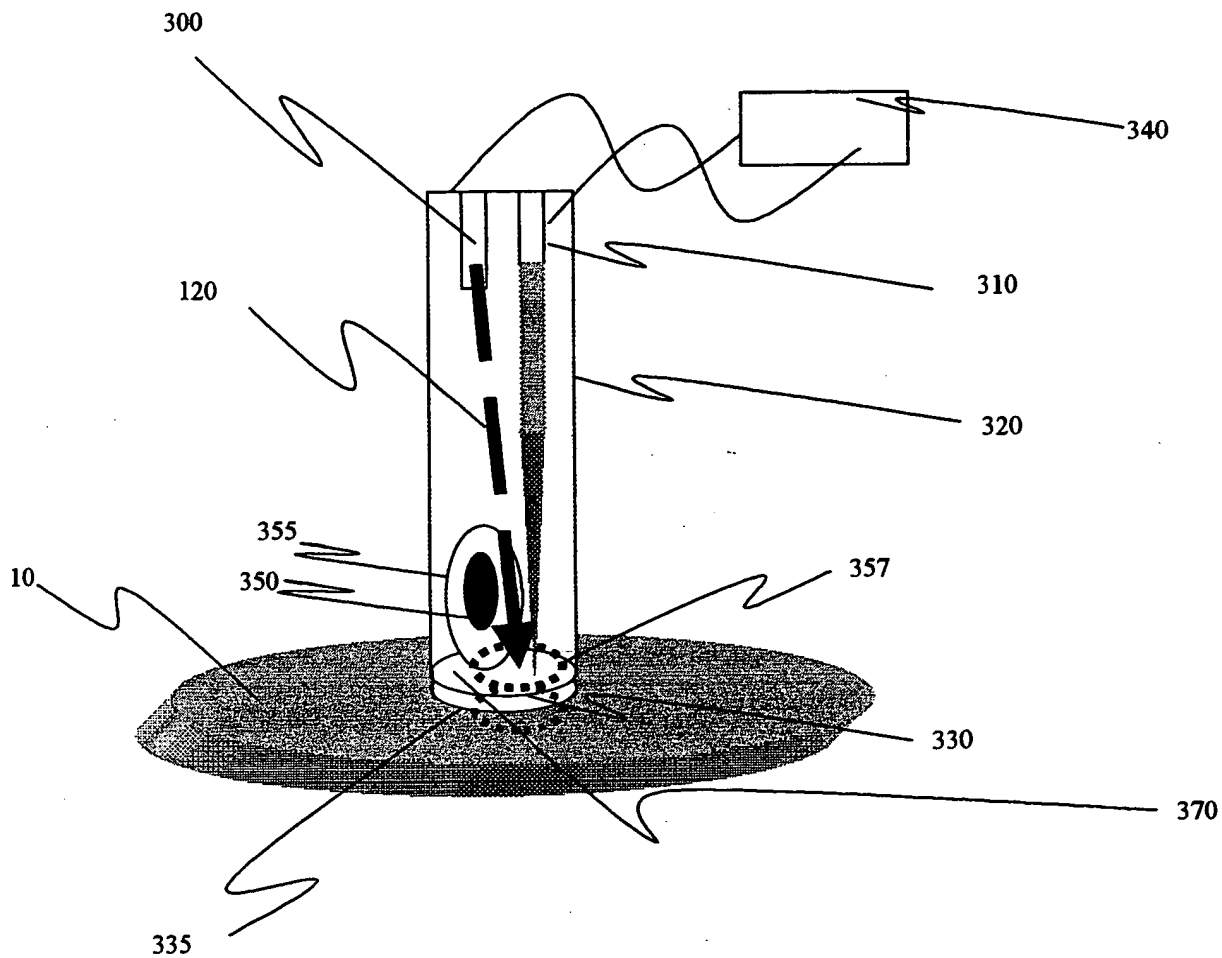


Figure 2B

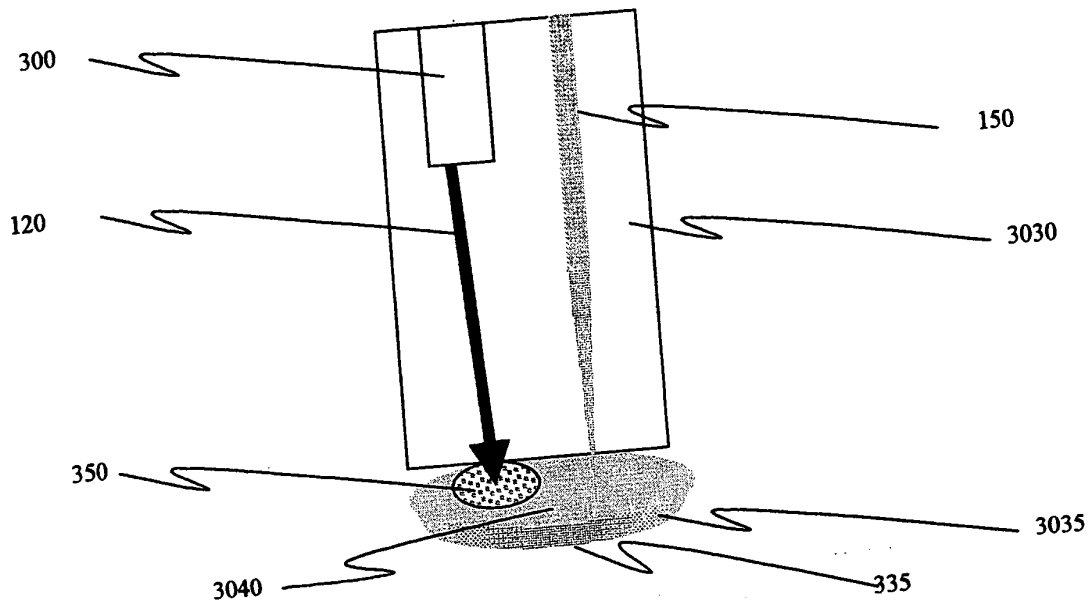


Figure 3A

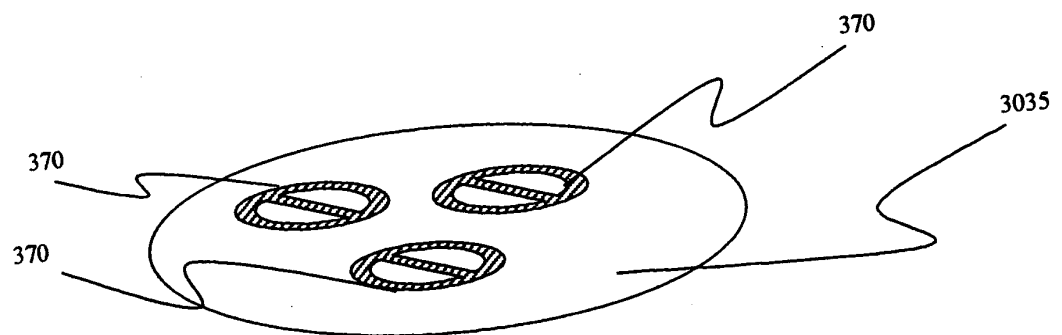


Figure 3B

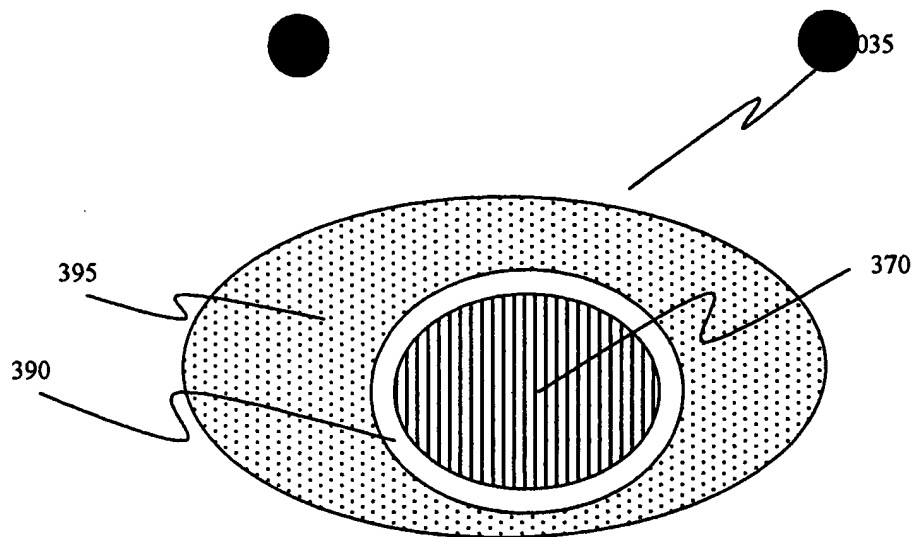


Figure 3C

Figure 3C is a cross-sectional diagram of a circular device. The device consists of several concentric layers. At the center is a core (390) filled with vertical hatching. This core is surrounded by a thin white ring (395). The next layer is a thick ring (370) filled with a stippled pattern. The outermost layer is a thin white ring. Above the device, there are two solid black circles. The circle on the right is labeled 035 and has a leader line pointing to the outermost white ring of the device. The circle on the left is unlabeled. The label 390 points to the central hatched core, 395 points to the thin white ring immediately surrounding the core, and 370 points to the thick stippled ring.

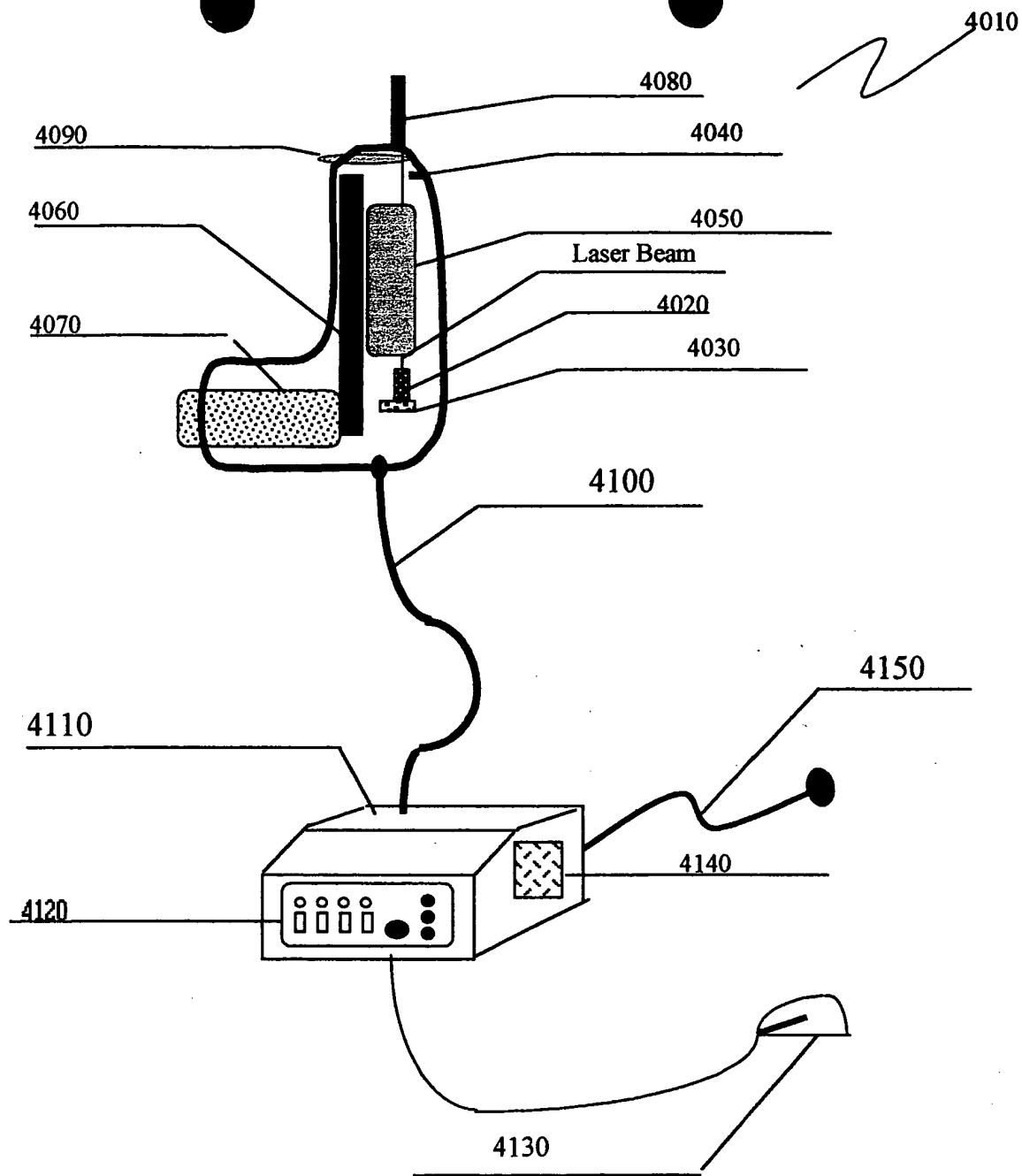


Figure 4

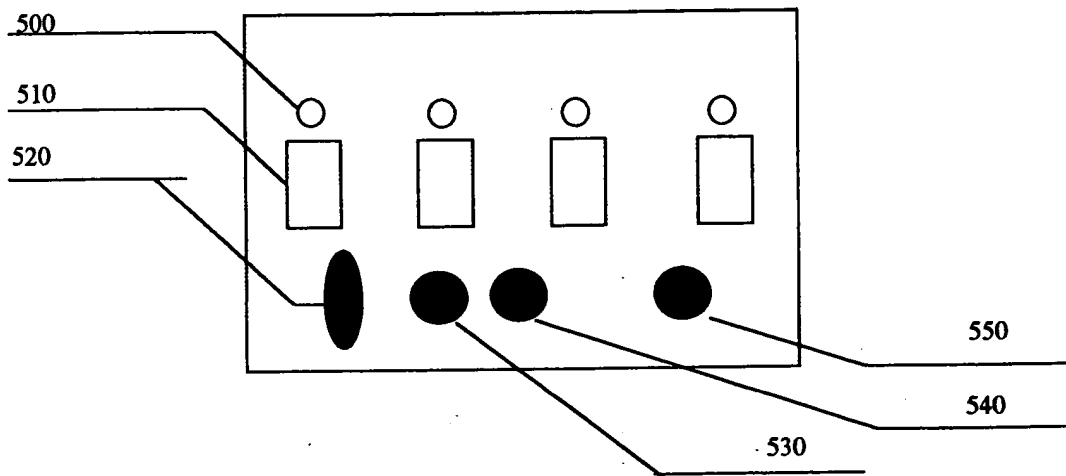
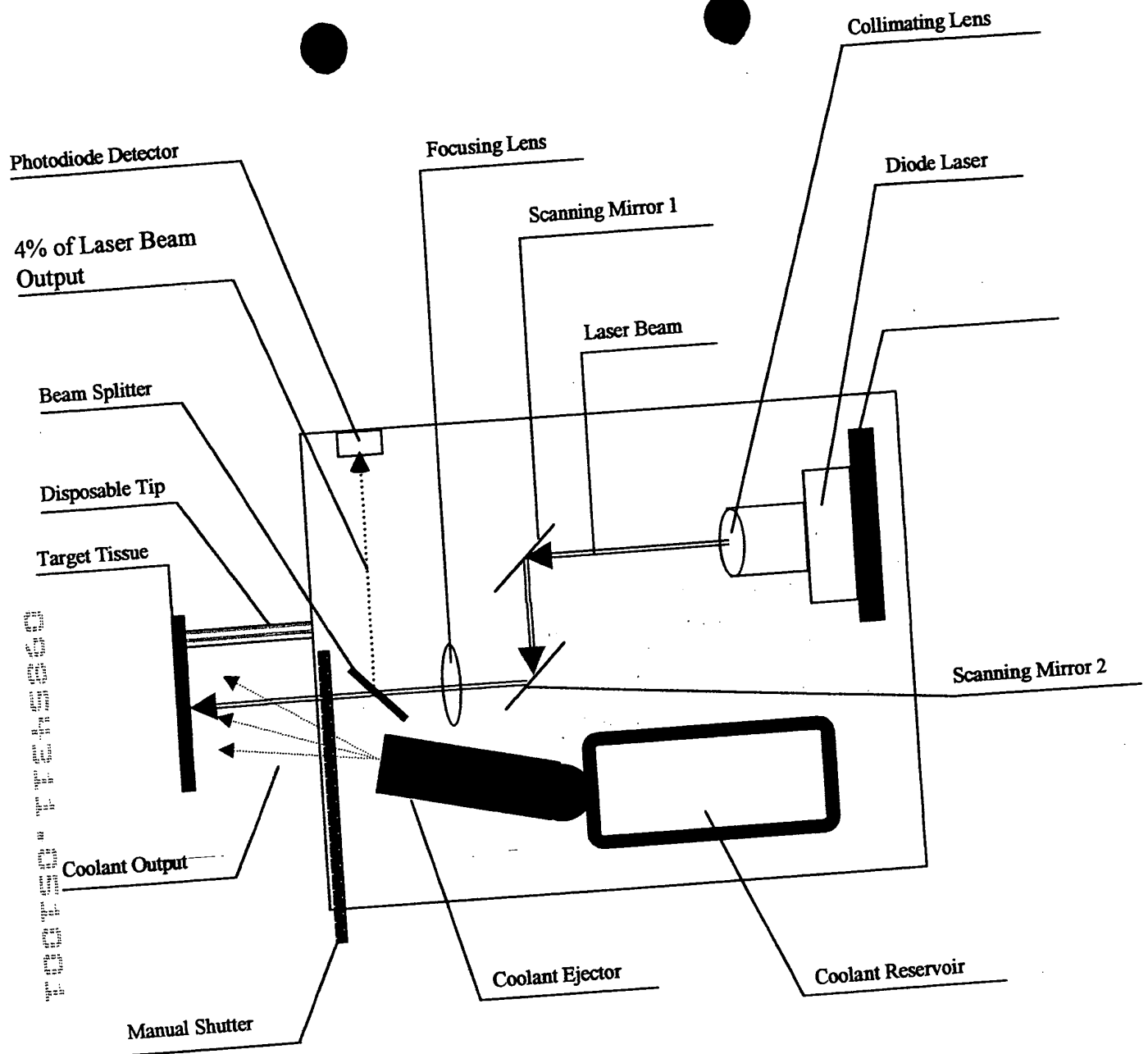


Figure 5. An exemplary device control box



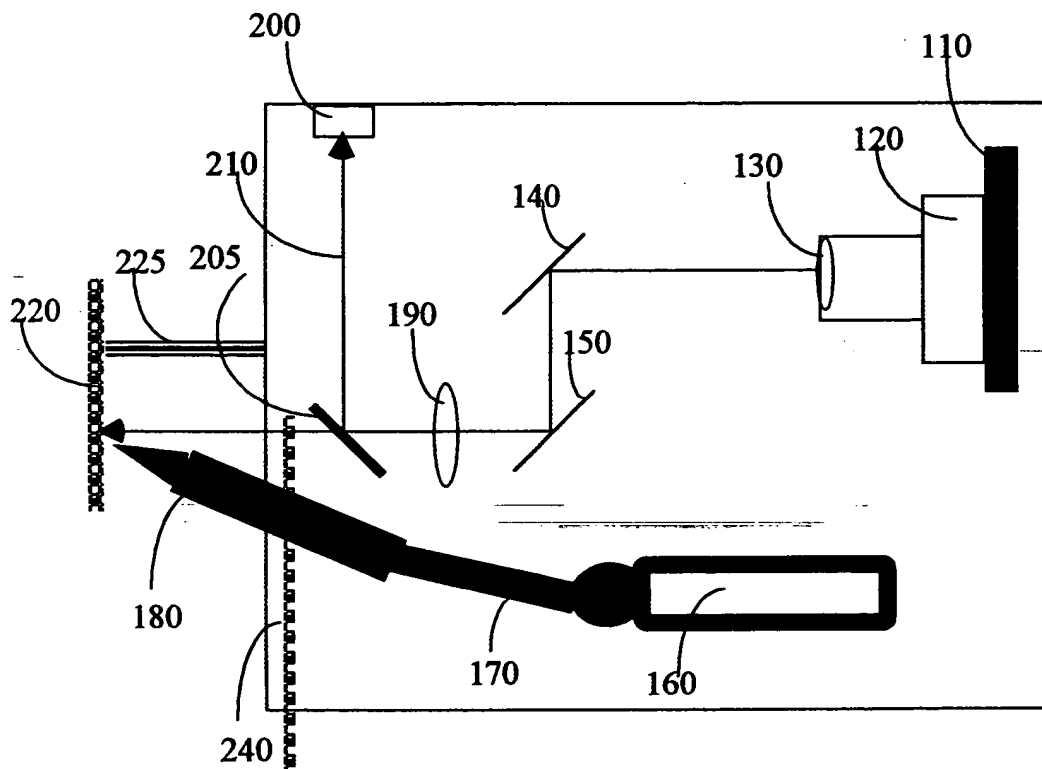


Figure 6
Schematic of the optical beam path and the
LogicWand™ beam.

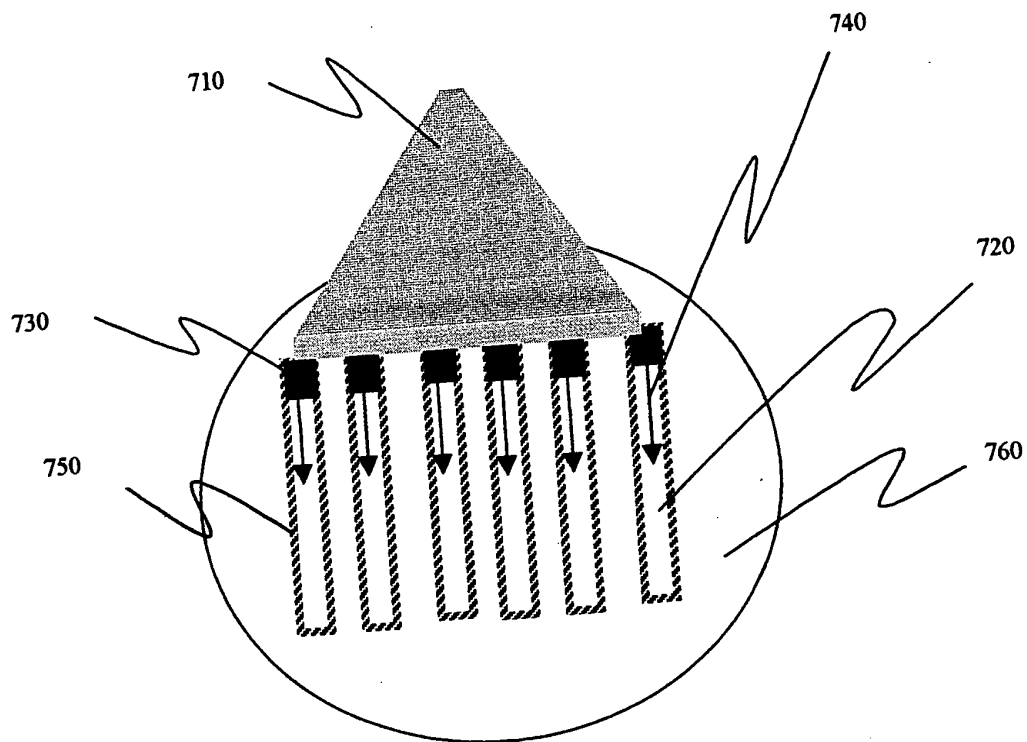


Figure 7A: Non-Beam Steering

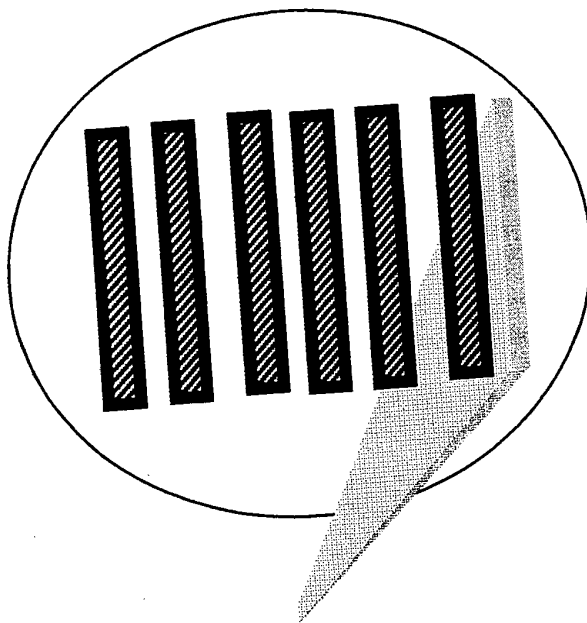


Figure 7B the scanning line.

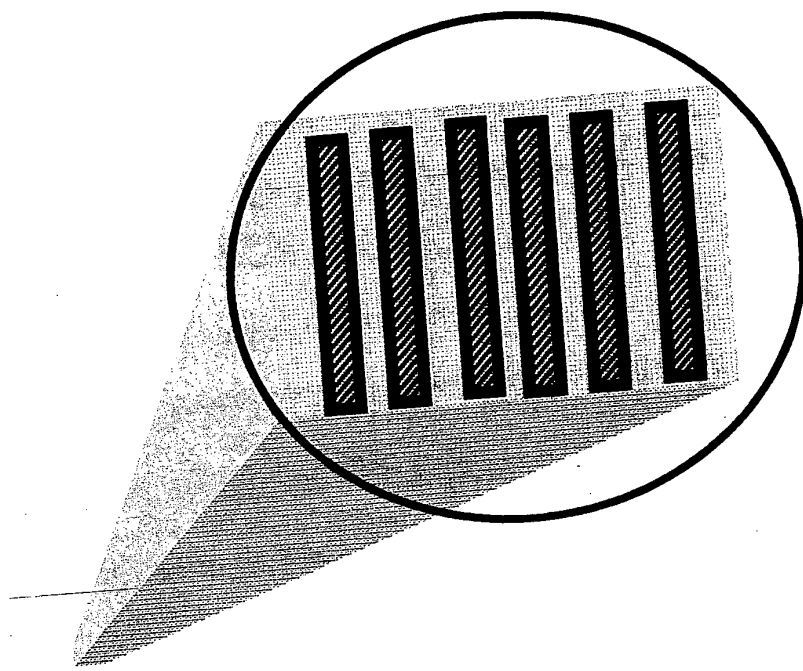


Figure 7C the broad beam.

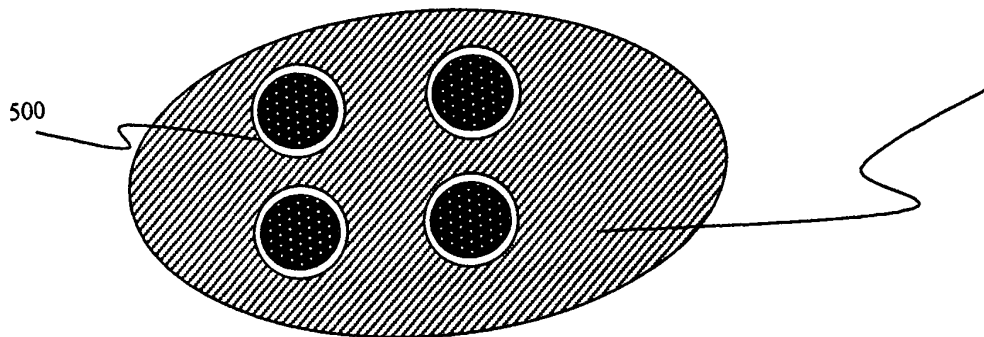


Figure XX

Figure XX

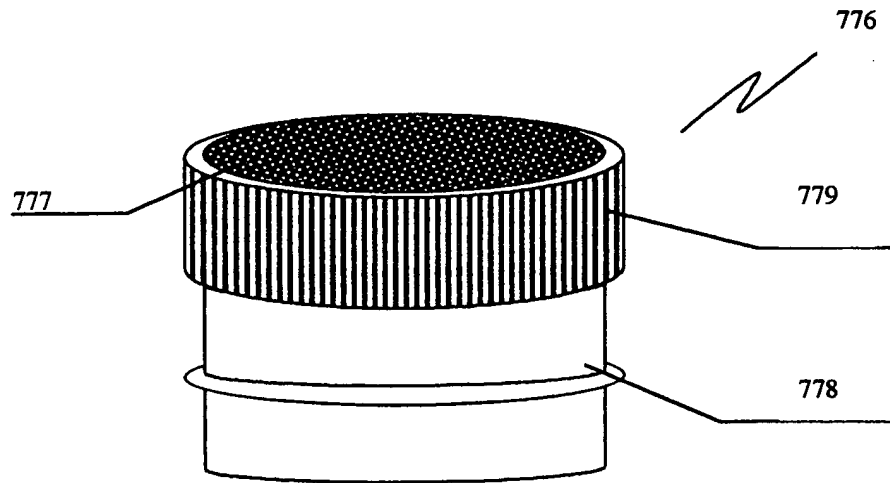


Figure 7D The disposable cup with intermediate material showing the intermediate material to be put in contact with the target material.

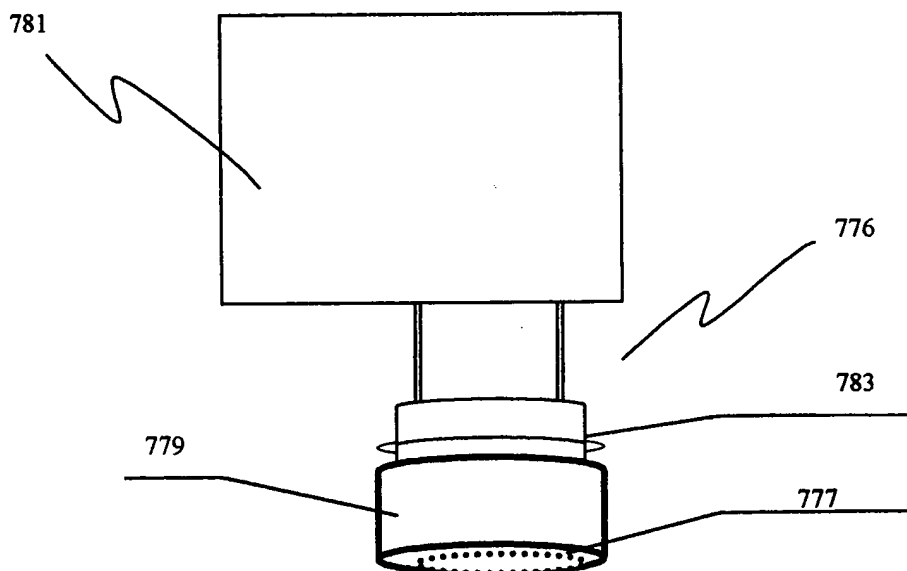


Figure 7E. The disposable cup with intermediate material attached to the energy source.

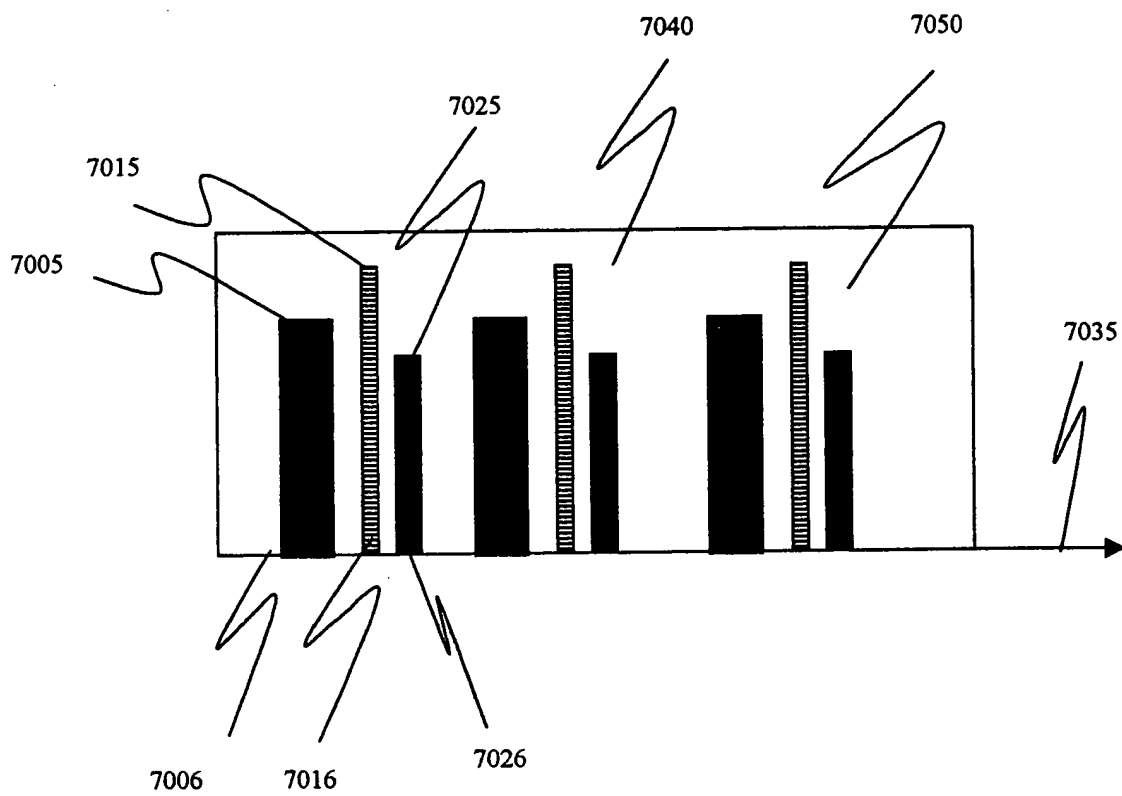


Figure 7F